



Emotional Enterprises?

Measuring Affective Language in Companies' External Communication

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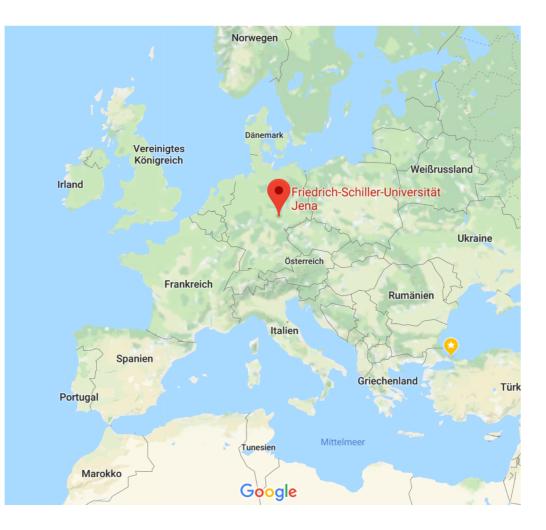
https://julielab.de

Sven Buechel Emotional Enterprises?

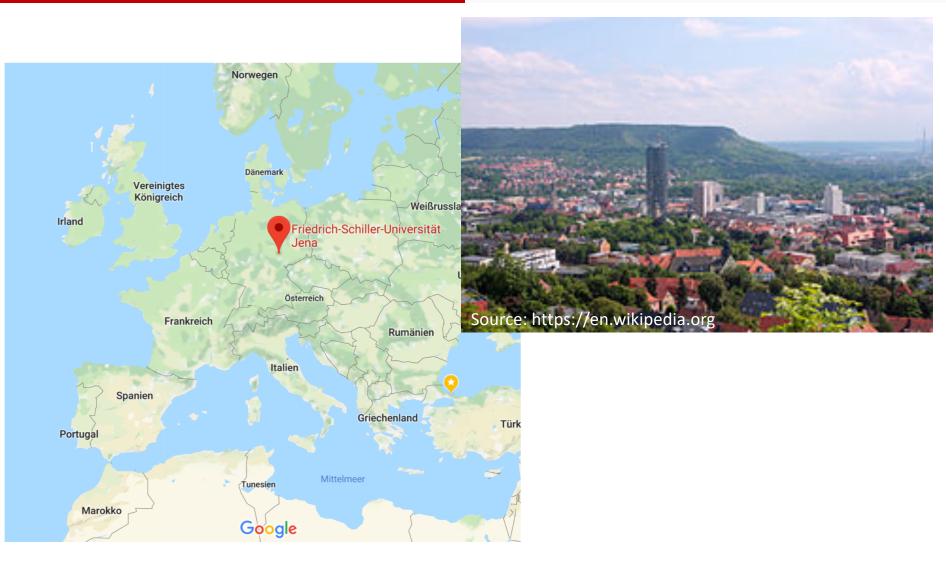
Short Bio

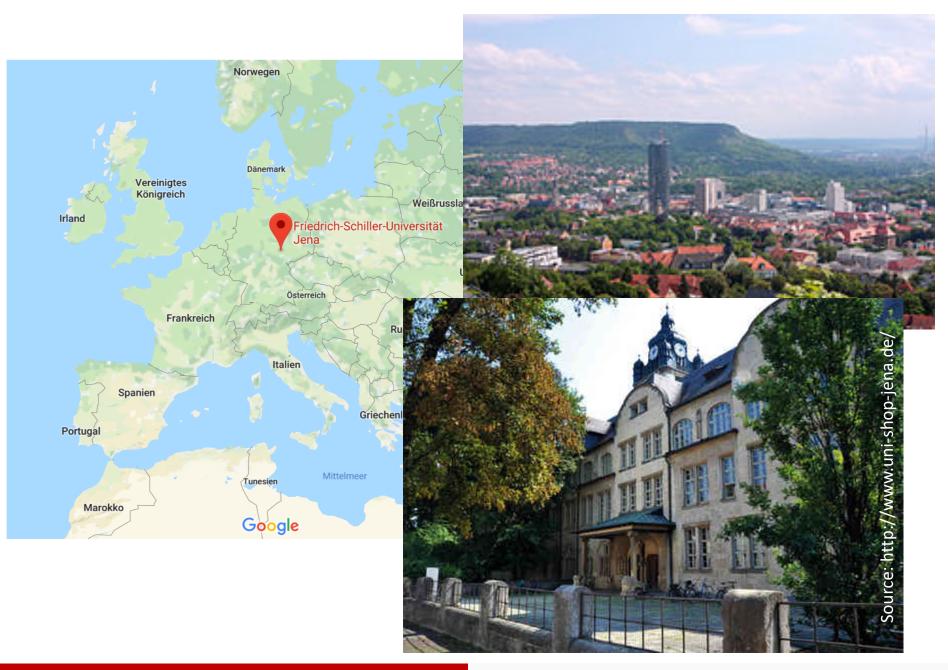


- Studied physics, sociology and German philology at Friedrich Schiller University Jena
- Graduated in 2016 with thesis
 "Automatic Analysis of Emotion in Annual Reports and Corporate Social Responsibility Reports"
- Pursuing PhD in computational linguistics (Prof. Udo Hahn)
- Currently visiting at UPenn (Prof. Lyle Ungar)
- Research focus: Measuring emotion in language, applications in computational social sciences



U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Washington, DC, USA, June 27, 2018





Structure of Talk



- Sentiment and emotion analysis
 - Task description and linguistic levels
 - Representing emotion
 - Application domains
- Emotional profiling of organizations
 - A corpus of annual and corporate social responsibility reports
 - A simple unsupervised approach
 - Results

Sentiment and Emotion Analysis

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Natural Language Understanding in the 90s



1

John Doe

, the founder of XY Inc

was born in Washington, DC

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Natural Language Understanding in the 90s

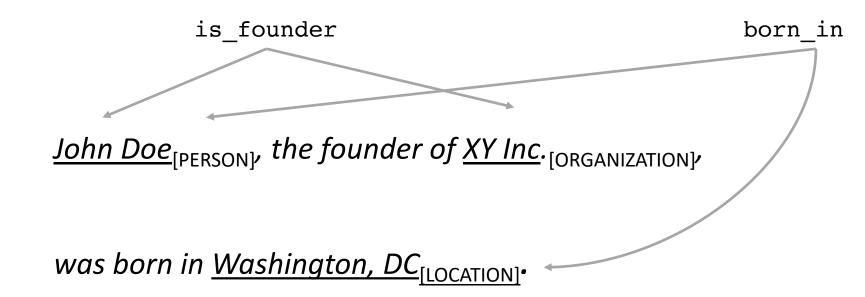


<u>John Doe</u>[PERSON], the founder of <u>XY Inc</u>.[ORGANIZATION]

was born in <u>Washington, DC_[LOCATION]</u>.

Natural Language Understanding in the 90s





Growing Interest in Subjective Language



semantic polarity of words

(Hatzivassiloglou & McKeown, 1997)

evaluative statements

good fantastic great mediocre boring poor

The pizza was great!

The service was aweful...

subjectivity

(Wiebe et al., 2004)

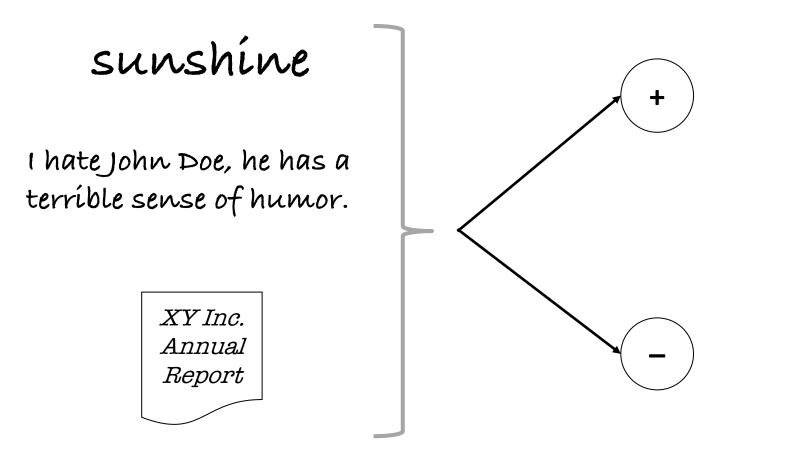
(Pang et al., 2002)

John Doe, the founder of XY Inc., was born in Washington, DC.

I hate John Doe, he has a terrible sense of humor.

Sentiment Analysis — Task Description(s)

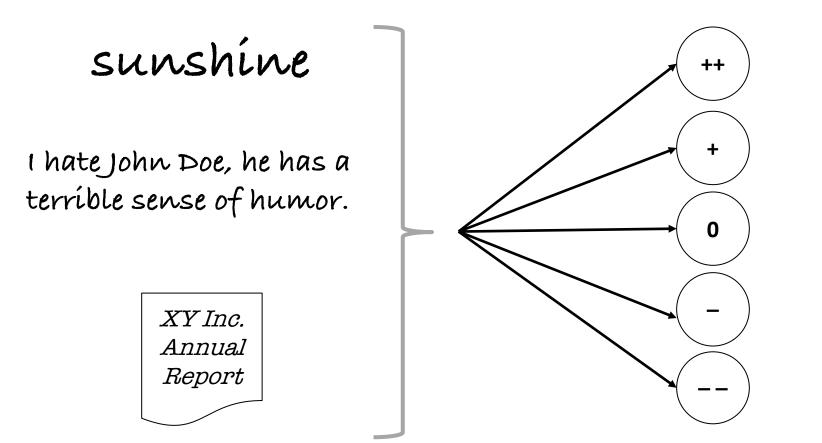
Trends were bundled in the emerging area of sentiment analysis



Sentiment Analysis — Task Description(s)



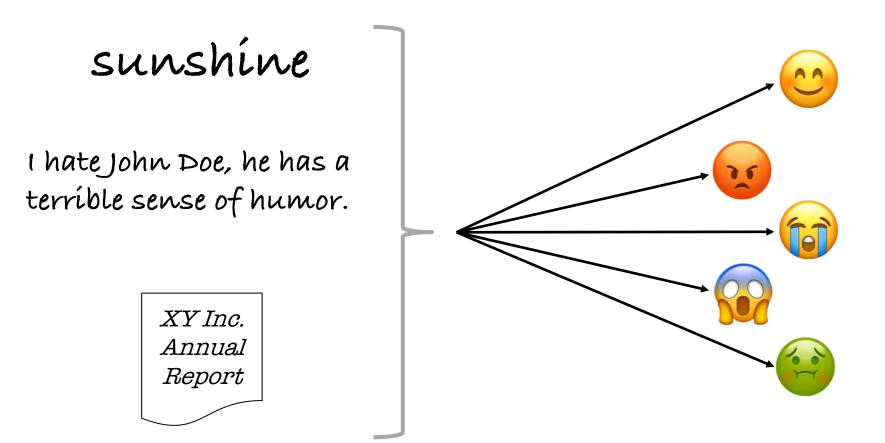
Need for a more fine-grained target representation



Emotion Analysis — Task Description(s)

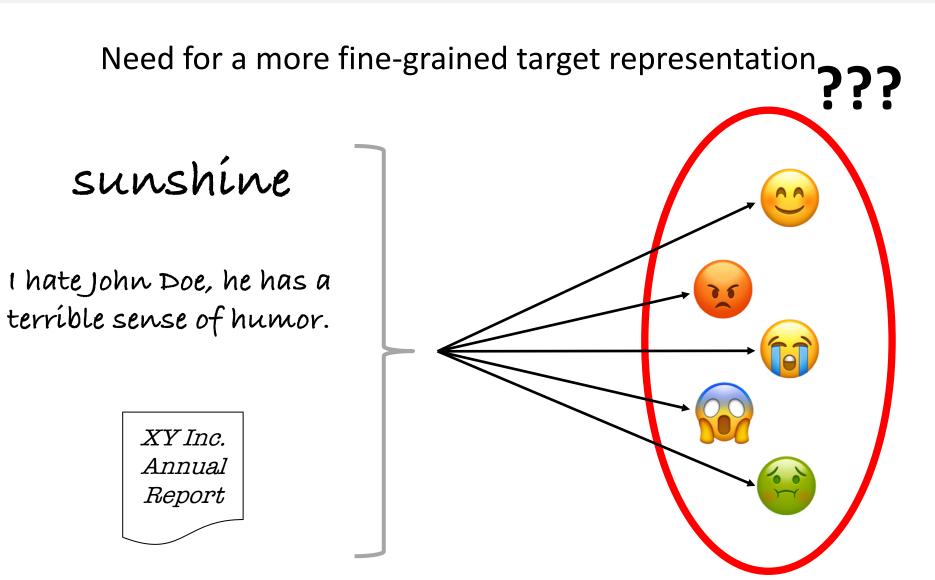


Need for a more fine-grained target representation



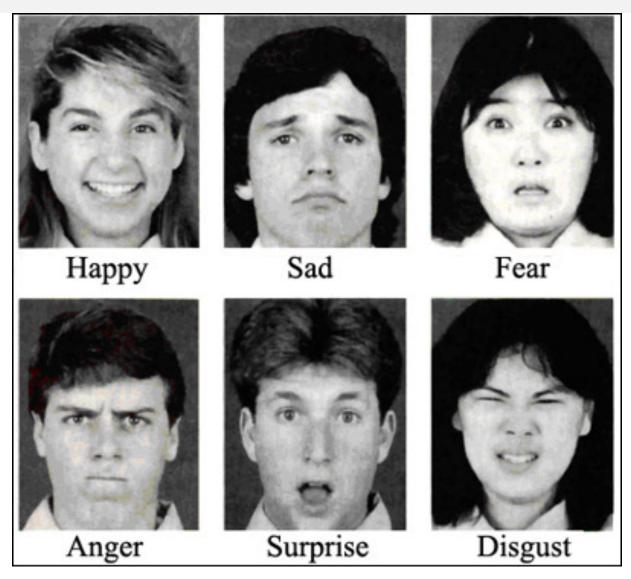
Emotion Analysis — Task Description(s)





Representing Emotion — Discrete Models



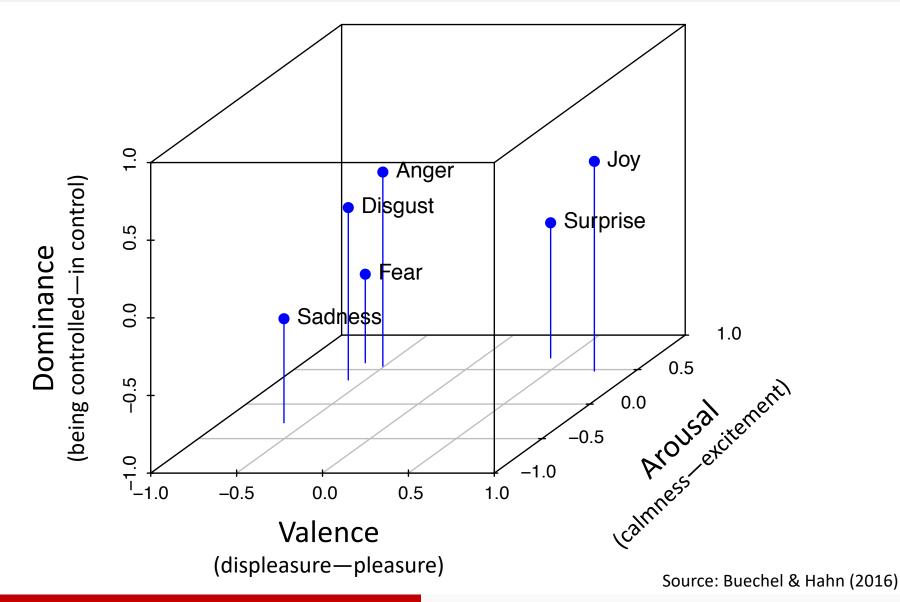


Source: http://ocw.mit.edu/courses/brain-and-cognitive-sciences/9-00sc-introduction-to-psychology-fall-2011/emotion-motivation/discussion-emotion/

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Representing Emotion — Dimensional Models





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Application Domains



- Product reviews / analytics
 - Restaurant (Yelp)
 - Online retailers (Amazon)
 - Movies (RottenTomatoes, IMDB)
- Social media (esp. Twitter)
 - Political science
 - Public relations
 - Stock market prediction



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Xavidub @jimdoherty09 · 2 Min. I see **#Erdogan** is on course to get 101% of the vote



Tiffany Couch @TheTiffanyCouch · 22 Std. Audi CEO arrested over diesel cheating scandal. #fraud #audi @FinancialTimes @FCPA



wear you down, too.

Peter Rainer

All in all, I prefer a Marvel movie that

doesn't take itself seriously, but the

nonstop unseriousness of Deadpool 2 can

Christian Science Monitor 🛧 Top Critic

May 18, 2018 | Rating: B- | Full Review...

twitter.com

Subjective Language by Companies

- Sentiment and subjectivity in annual reports for
 - Stock market prediction (Hajék et al., 2014)
 - Bankruptcy prediction (Hajkék & Olej., 2015
 - Fraud detection (Goel & Uzuner, 2016)
 - Risk prediction (Tsai & Wang, 2017)

→ First Workshop on Economics and Natural Language Processing (ECONLP @ ACL 2018)



Emotional Profiling of Organizations

Motivation



- Collaboration with management and organization researchers
- Interest in anthropomorphic communication behavior of organizations (esp. targets, virtues, cognitive processes)
- Is this framework also applicable to emotions?
- Do enterprises communicate with a distinctive and persistent emotional profile?

Publications



- Sebastian G.M. Händschke*, Sven Buechel*, Jan Goldenstein, Philipp Poschmann, Tinghui Duan, Peter Walgenbach and Udo Hahn. 2018. A Corpus of Business and Corporate Social Responsibility Reports: 280 Million Tokens of Balanced Organizational Writing. Accepted for ECONLP @ ACL 2018.
- **Sven Buechel** and Udo Hahn. 2016. Emotion analysis as a regression problem Dimensional models and their implications on emotion representation and metrical evaluation. In *ECAI 2016*.
- Sven Buechel, Udo Hahn, Jan Goldenstein, Sebastian G. M. Händschke, and Peter Walgenbach. 2016. Do enterprises have emotions? In WASSA @ NAACL 2016.



- Consists of Form 10-K reports
- 10K companies
- 54K reports
- Covers 1996 2006
- Much larger than our corpus yet
 - unbalanced
 - 10-K reports do not allow for cross-country comparison
 - and slightly outdated

Selection of Raw Data



- Three countries: US, UK, Germany
- Annual reports and corporate social responsibility (CSR) reports
- Stepwise selection of companies:
 - 1. 30 large companies DJIA, FTSE 100, and DAX
 - 2. 30 middle-sized companies from S&P500, FTSE 250, and MDAX
 - **3**. 30 tech companies from NASDAQ, FTSE AIM 100 and TECDAX
- US and UK enterprises chosen to match the German ones
- Companies were selected as of 2015, all available reports were collected back to 2000

Data Acquisition and Cleansing

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- Reports were downloaded from company website (email as fallback)
- PDF-to-text conversion
- Handwritten rules to
 - Filter conversion errors
 - Remove remnants of print layout and structured information (page numbers, tables, ...)
 - Making it as much of a plain text as possible

Annual Reports



The most important new model in 2002 was the Actros, which had its premiere at the International Auto Show (IAA) in Hanover and was well received by customers and automotive journalists. Its distinctive characteristics are its more powerful engines, a new axle and suspension concept, improved aerodynamics and a redesigned driver's cab.

Mercedes-Benz Vans still leads the field

The Mercedes-Benz Vans business unit sold 236,600 vehicles worldwide in 2002, nearly matching the figure for 2001. With a market share of 18% (2001: 19%) in the segment of 2 to 6 metric tons, Mercedes-Benz Vans is still the market leader in Western Europe. Whereas the Sprinter was able to maintain its strong market position in the heavy vans segment, in the segment of mid-size vans the market share of the Vito decreased due to the model changeover scheduled for 2003.

In the spring of 2002, DaimlerChrysler introduced the new Vaneo, which is positioned as a premium product in this segment.

The updated Sprinter model was introduced at the International Auto Show (IAA) in Hanover in September 2002. This new model is more attractive and, thanks to longer service intervals, more economical. Another new feature is the Electronic Stability Program (ESP). DaimlerChrysler is the first vehicle manufacturer to offer this system in this van segment. To strengthen its presence in the US van market in early 2003, Daimler-Chrysler plans to offer the Sprinter, which has been sold successfully in the US under the Freightliner brand name since the middle of 2001, as a Dodge brand vehicle as well. We also plan to launch the Sprinter in Canada and Mexico.

The licensing agreement with Volkswagen AG for the production of the Sprinter van by Volkswagen was renewed to cover successor models as well.



The updated Mercedes-Benz Sprinter appeals with a new design and a world first. The Sprinter is the first van series worldwide for which all models can be supplied with the ESP electronic stability program.

Unit Sales 2002		
	1,000	02/01
	Units	in %
World	485	- 2
of which: Vans ²	246	- 5
Trucks ³	212	+ 3
Buses	25	- 8
Unimogs	2	- 23
Europe	287	- 2
of which: Germany	103	- 3
Western Europe		
(excluding Germany)	162	- 5
of which: France	32	- 10
United Kingdom	33	+ 14
Italy	23	+ 4
NAFTA	118	+ 11
of which: United States	100	+ 12
South America		
(excluding Mexico)	37	- 14
of which: Brazil	30	- 12
Asia	24	- 8

1 Wholesale figures (including leased vehicles)

Init Sales 2002

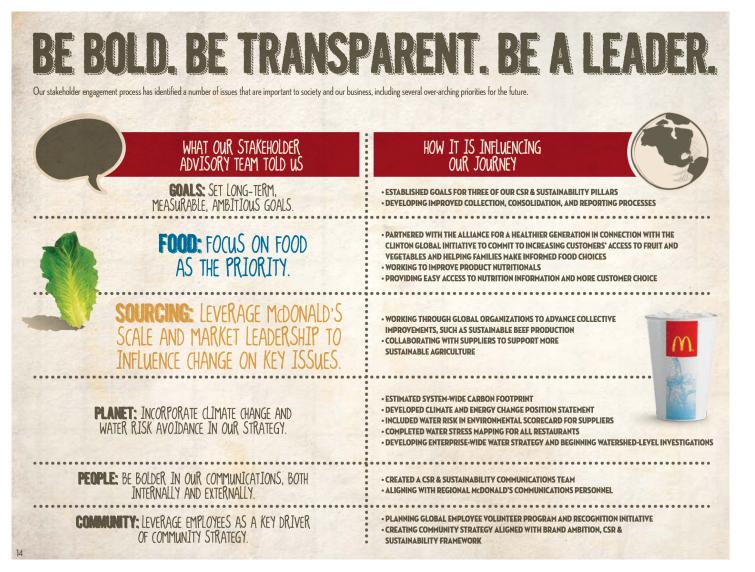
2 Including the Mitsubishi L200 pickup and the Mitsubishi Pajero in South Africa

3 Including schoolbuses by Thomas Built Buses and bus chassis by Freightliner

DaimlerChrysler, 2002

CSR Reports





McDonald's 2012/13

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Corpus Statistics



- 280M Tokens (for comparison: BNC has 100M),
- 5K reports
- Equal distribution by country
- 250K tokens of annual vs. 35K tokens of CSR reports

Availability



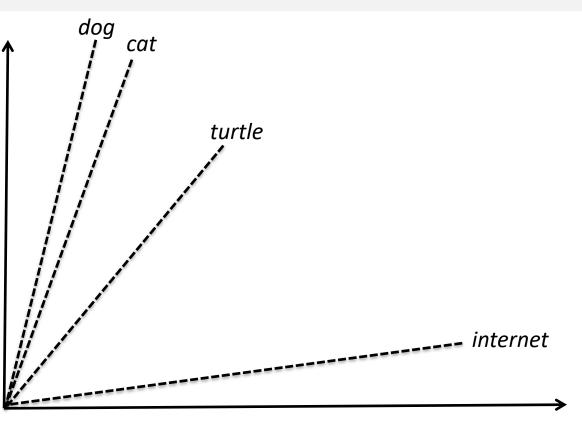
- Freely available for research purposes
- Date use agreement (copy-right protected raw data)
- www.orga.uni-jena.de/orga/en/Corpus.html (goes online in a couple of days)

Word Embeddings



- Trained FastText embeddings
- Free to download

econom	у	growth		tax		leadership)
recession	.70	grow	.66	taxes	.73	leaders	.66
economies	.69	double-digit	.64	taxation	.71	excellence	.57
upswing	.68	strong	.63	deferred	.65	reinforce	.56
upturn	.67	organic	.60	non-deductible	.61	leader	.55
gdp	.66	profitable	.60	carryforwards	.57	competencies	.55



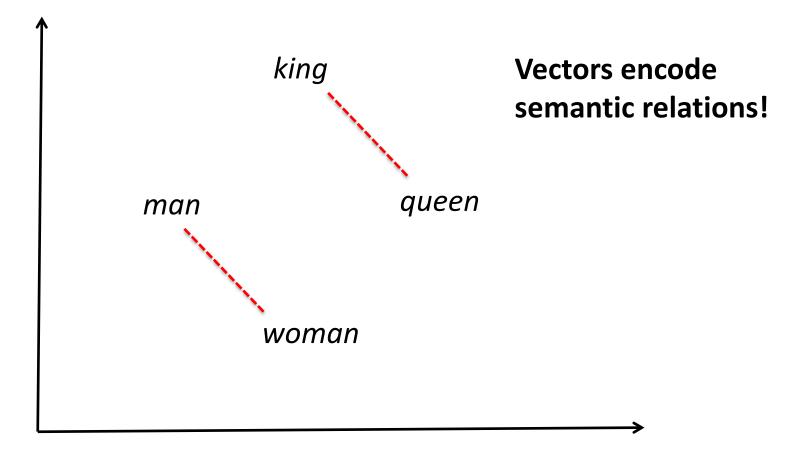
- Words represented as real valued vectors
- Angle between vectors encodes similarity
- Derived from raw text only



man – woman + king = queen









Measuring Document Emotion



- Lexicon-based approach because of missing gold data
- Emotion lexicons store uncontextualized word emotions
- Lexicon by Warriner et al. (2013) comprises 14k entries

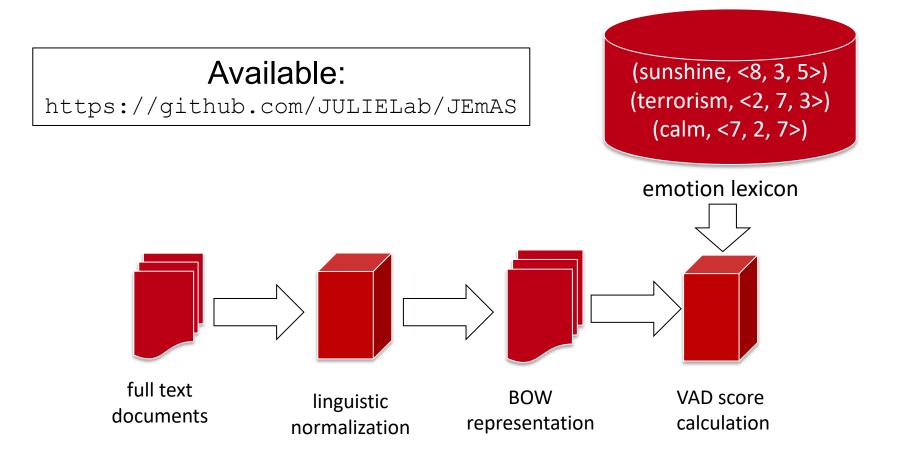
Lemma	Valence	Arousal	Dominance
sunshine	8.1	5.3	5.4
terrorism	1.6	7.4	2.7
calm	6.9	1.7	7.4

(1-to-9 scales)

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Measuring Document Emotion: JEMAS

(Buechel & Hahn, ECAI 2016)

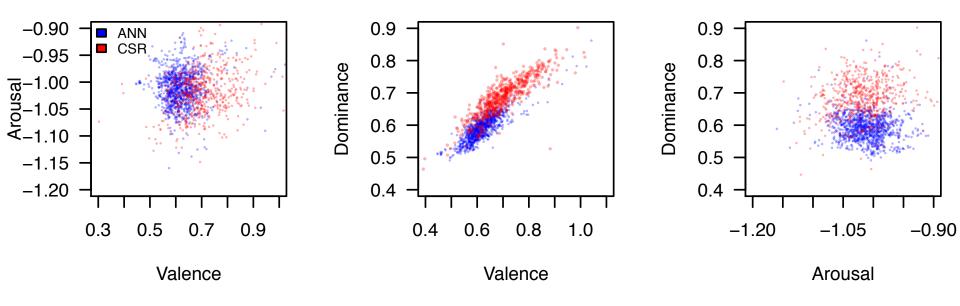




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Results — Annual vs. CSR Reports



0.7 0.7 CSR CSR GFAS^O GSPO GCRIM 0.6 0.6 **GROUR** CCATNNGTOUR Dominance Dominance GDIS GPRO MCAT ACAT ATGSCI GDFFE EGACADIP GDEF GFAS GSPO 0.5 0.5 GPRO GPRO GHEAGEN/GDIP GENV^{GREL} ECAT GSCIOUR GENV GHEA 0.4 0.4 GHEA ANN GCRIM GCRIM CSR GWEA GWEA CCAT GWEAAT

Valence

Based on Reuters Corpus Volume 1 (RCV1)

800k newswire documents

0.7

-0.85

-0.90 -0.95 -1.00

-1.05

0.3

0.5

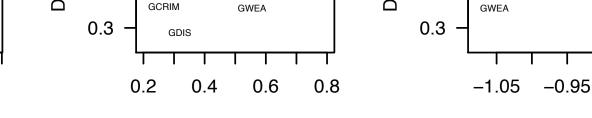
Valence

Hierarchy of 103 topic codes •



GDIS

-0.85



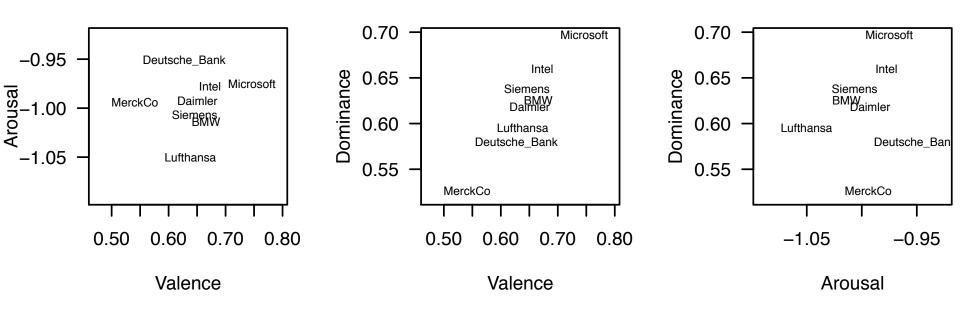
Results — Influence of Company and Year



- ANOVAs reveal that the company issuing a report accounts for most of the variance of VAD values
- Up to 70% for arousal when controlling for report type
- Yet reference year shows very litte variance at all
- Corporations communicate with distinctive and persistent emotional profile

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Results — Enterprise Mean Scores



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Conclusion

Conclusion



- Sentiment and emotion analysis are vibrant and relatively new areas within NLP
- How do enterprises use emotion in their communications?
- Presented a balanced corpus of annual and CSR reports covering companies of three western countries
- Companies do use emotions in their communication
- Presented evidence in favor of a distinctive and persistent emotional profile





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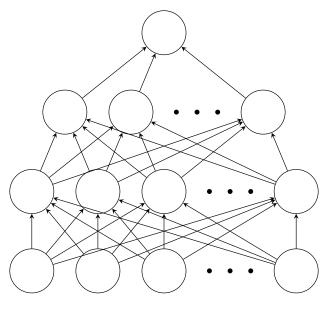
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Back-Up Slides

Current Methodologies

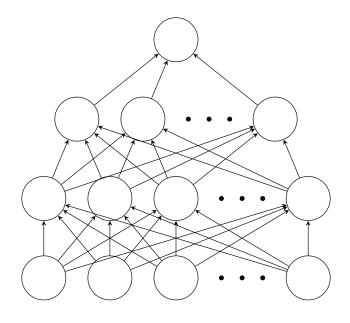
- Most tasks in NLP approached as supervised machine learning
- In recent years: <u>Deep Learning</u>
- Neural network with multiple layers of non-linear transformations
- Specific architecture depends on linguistic level





Current Methodologies — Word Level

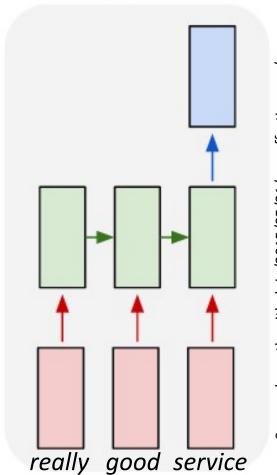
- Emotion ratings can be directly inferred from word embeddings
- Simple feed-forward networks do very well (Du & Zhang, 2016)
- Close to human performance (Buechel & Hahn, NAACL 2018)





Current Methodologies — Sentence Level





- Recurrent neural networks (RNNs) as standard building block
- Input at multiple timesteps
- Hidden state "memorizes" context

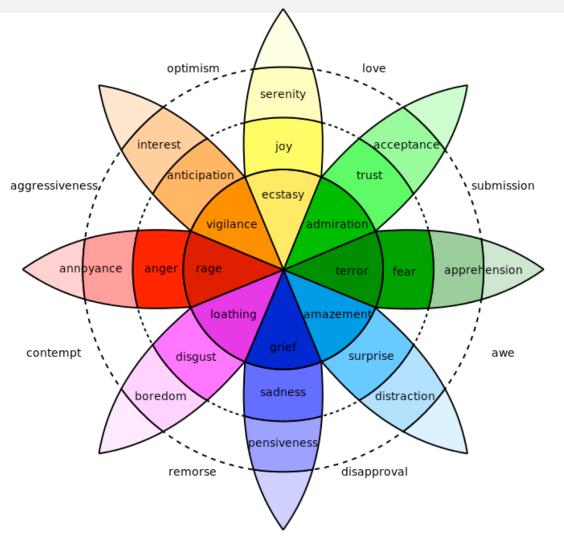
Current Methodologies — Text Level



- Problem: RNNs can only memorize short sequences (≈100 time steps)
- RNNs work only for <u>very</u> short texts (paragraph, tweet)
- Best approach for long texts unclear (novels, movie transcript, annual reports)
 - Averaging of sentence or even word scores as robust fallback
 - Unclear how to acquire ground truth

Representing Emotion — Wheel of Emotion





Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Contrasting_and_categorization_of_emotions#/media/File:Plutchik-wheel.svg

Corpus Statistics



